

ENR-CSOs Position on Sector Performance for FY 2015 - 2016

Presented by:

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1

Who we are.....

- A network of non-state actors operating in the ENR sub-sector established in 2009 to encourage broad based engagement.
- Governed by a 9 member steering committee
- Organized under 5 working groups



Secretariat: Environmental Alert (EA)

We congratulate MWE for....

- Considerable progress on the ENR sub-sector 3 undertakings agreed to by the sector at the Joint Sector Review 2015.
- Securing Cabinet approval for the procedures for cancelation of land titles illegally issued in wetlands after 1995
- Efforts for rebrand the ENR sub-sector
- Adopting, Signing and Ratifying the **Paris Agreement**
- Concluding the Review of the National Environment Management Policy and the National Environment Act
- Production of the National Wetlands Atlas for Uganda
- Progress on the ban on Kaveera.
- Finalizing the forestry regulation

We note however that

- Timber supplies are projected to reduce in 10 years' time unless massive tree cutting is curtailed.
- Forest cover loss stands at an alarming rate of 200,000 ha per annum, thus at this rate without ambitious targets for tree planting – the current forest cover will be no more in 18 years i.e. by 2034
- As a country we have marked loss of 30% of the wetlands.
- Degradation/deforestation remain key challenges in the wake of climate change
- Weather and Climate –related disasters and risk continue to impact communities due to climate variability and change.



Number of NGOs 60 55 48 50 42 40 35 33 29 30 20 10 0 2010/11 2011/12 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16

This FY **33 ENR-CSOs** Contributed to the annual ENR-CSOs performance report;



We declare a decline in CSO contribution from USD 25,000,000 in FY 2014/2015 to USD 4,279,282 in FY 2015/2016.

Contribution towards attainment of Golden / Platinum Indicator(s)

Indictors under forestry

- % Uganda's land area covered by forest
- % natural forest under strict nature reserve
- % survival of tree seedlings past year 3
- % rural households that travel more than 1 km to collect firewood
- % forest reserves under management
- **830,895 of assorted tree seedlings** (in Tororo, Mpigi, Mbarara, Sheema, Kasese, Hoima, Masindi, Lamwo, Kitgum) including fruit trees, agroforestry tree species and commercial plantation species. These seedlings are estimated to cover **748 Ha.**
- 15 small scale community tree nurseries with capacity to produce an estimated 110,000 seedlings per annum
- Forest Management Plans for 7 Communal Land Associations and 50 Private Forest Owners.
- 10 kilometres of forest boundaries have been opened
 - **1,321.85ha of farmland for 1,533 farmers** under improved land management through Trees for Global Benefits carbon program.

Contribution towards attainment of Golden / Platinum Indicator(s)

Indictors under wetlands

- % of Uganda's land area covered by wetlands
- % of Uganda's wetlands used under management plans

Participated in wetland restoration in:

- --Nyakambu Wetland system -- restoring **118 ha of wetlands**.
- --Kashasha Kibingo Rushangi Wetland system --restoring about 150 ha.
- --Katara Kanyabukanja wetland system --restoring about 200 ha.

Contribution towards attainment of Golden / Platinum Indicator(s)

Indictors under environment

- % of developers complying with certificate of approval conditions (with reference to Environment Impact Assessment procedures).
- % of solid waste disposed of safely in the 9 municipalities

Awareness creation on biomass energy use and conservation to address the household cooking energy needs among urban communities.

- Thus, 109 households in the slums of Kampala were trained on making and using of fuel briquettes from biodegradable waste.
- In addition 60 households were trained on how to make and use fireless cookers 295 households were trained in solid waste management with an emphasis of recycling waste to make crafts.

Under weather, climate and climate change

- Environmental Conservation Trust (ECOTRUST), reached a mark of 1,321.85ha of farmland for 1,533 farmers yielding an equivalent to 1 million tons of carbon worth USD 6 million.
- Nature Palace Foundation (NPF) distributed 200 tonnes of briquettes together with 2,455 improved energy-saving stoves and modified 8,000 fixed improved energy-saving stoves.
- ENR CSOs produced a combined print of 4,000 copies of policy briefs, publication of the National Adaptation Plan of Action. These are continuously informing DLGs on integrating climate change in District Development Plans.
- EMLI & CAN-U took lead in organising pre and post post-COP 21 workshops and discussed the implications of the 2015 Climate agreement and contents of the Paris Agreement.

Governance, advocacy and lobbying

- Research on **benefit sharing and access to justice** in the Forestry Sector
- **Greening Uganda's 2016 general elections**: Key Issues for Political Parties and Political Leaders to Address in their Manifestoes
- The Role of Local Leaders in Promoting Good Forestry Governance in Uganda
- Getting More out of the Oil and Gas Sector: Lessons from Angola and Chad.
- The status oil waste consolidation facilities and **restored oil drilling sites**
- Enhancing Forest Tenure and Governance in Uganda; the turning point thinking beyond the forest cover and canopy.
- **Citizen journalism** linking media houses with community based forest monitors and community policing.
- Policy and information needs for Chinese investment in Agriculture, forestry, construction industry and roads and the need for environmental cleaning.

Challenges in the Forestry

Challenges	Recommendations	
 Forest tenure issues, illegal logging,	 The FSSD, DFS and NFA -	
charcoal and unclear boundaries of	demarcation of forest boundaries to	
CFRs	reduce level of illegalities.	
 Involvement of forest resources	IGG investigates allegations of	
managers/officers in illegal activities.	mismanagement in the forest sector.	
 Land uptake by the Southern By- pass, oil pipeline and the Standard Gauge Railway that are designed to go through CFRs (Kajansi and Mabira CFR and others). 	 MWE, MoFPED and Ministry of Lands undertake economic valuation of ecosystem values in the areas to be taken up for development. 	
 Claims by Bunyoro Kingdom over	• MWE/NFA/CSOs raise awareness	
forest reserves located within	within Bunyoro about the role of FRs	
Bunyoro Kingdom.	since there is a lot of misinformation	

Challenges in Wetlands

Challenges		Recommendations	
•	Complicated land tenure system where some people still claim to own land in wetlands	 GoU finds lasting solution to land titles located in wetlands; 	
•	Increased agricultural encroachment on wetlands High investment influx by foreigners on these areas still considered as marginal land	 MWE/CSOs to lobby for cancellations. EIA should be strongly emphasized before carrying out 	
•		 activities in wetlands. MWE undertakes economic valuation of natural resources in hotspots for development and CSOs engage the communities to 	
		understand the commensurate importance.	

Challenges in Environment

Challenges		Recommendations	
•	Lack of public information on oil and gas development in the country	•	NEMA/DoP/CSOs scale up information flow to the public as oil development becomes a reality.
•	Few districts in Uganda, have operational District Environment Action Plans (DEAPs)	•	NEMA/DLGs update DEAPs and revitalize DECs and find resources for implementation of priorities issues
•	Increased levels of development and investment that have a toll on the non-green environment	•	The UIA reviews investment licenses for foreign investors to reflect environment and social mitigation measures.
•	Low level of government investment in the sector which compromises the state mandate to manage the environment sustainably. Increasing levels of environmental abuse	•	GoU develops an investment guideline to guide developers on environment and natural resources concerns. Review the operations of Env't police protection force to check on its irregularities

Challenges under Weather and Climate & Climate Change

Recommendations	
Implement the national climate	
change Policy (2015)& fast-track	
the formulation of the Climate	
Change Bill	
UNMA/CSOs localize timely	
weather & climate and increases	
the use of mass and social media	
for weather forecasts.	
 Increase the development 	
expenditure of UNMA to acquire	
equipment for prediction,	
monitoring and reporting.	

ENR CSOs pledge

- Support towards implementation of ENR Undertakings through strengthening mobilization and advocacy.
- Provide empirical evidence through research to support the case for ENR management.
- Promote innovations for the wise use of the environment and natural resources.
- Promote environmental platforms and debates on topical ENR and related development issues.
- Documentation of lessons and best practices for sharing with other actors.

